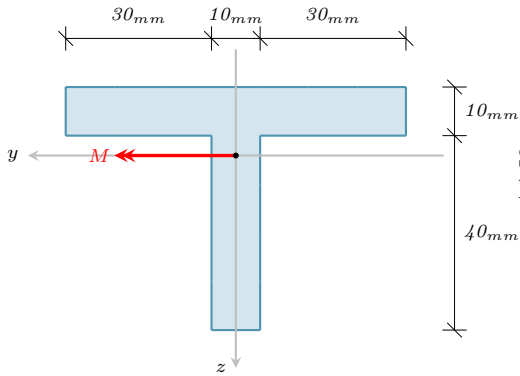
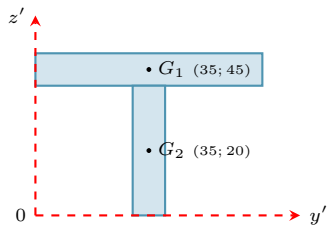


## 8.1 Örnek



Şekildeki kesite 1.5 kNm şiddetinde bir moment etkimektedir. Kesitte oluşan en büyük normal gerilmeleri hesaplayınız.

Kesit ağırlık merkezi :



Ağırlık merkezinin  $z'$  eksenine uzaklığı ( $G_{y'}$ ) :

$$G_{y'} = \frac{A_1 \cdot y'_1 + A_2 \cdot y'_2}{A_1 + A_2}$$

$$G_{y'} = \frac{700 \cdot 35 + 400 \cdot 35}{700 + 400}$$

$$G_{y'} = \frac{38500}{1100}$$

$$G_{y'} = 35 \text{ mm}$$

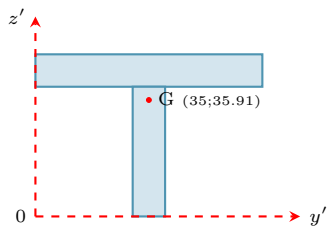
Ağırlık merkezinin  $y'$  eksenine uzaklığı ( $G_{z'}$ ) :

$$G_{z'} = \frac{A_1 \cdot z'_1 + A_2 \cdot z'_2}{A_1 + A_2}$$

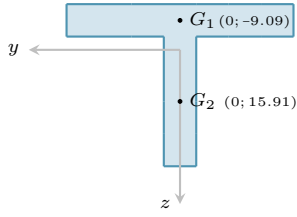
$$G_{z'} = \frac{700 \cdot 45 + 400 \cdot 20}{700 + 400}$$

$$G_{z'} = \frac{39500}{1100}$$

$$G_{z'} = 35.91 \text{ mm}$$



a.  $I_y$ ,  $I_z$  ve  $I_{yz}$  atalet momentleri :



Ağırlık merkezlerinin eksenlere olan uzaklıkları :

$$G_1(0; -9.09) \Rightarrow y_1 = 0 \text{ (mm)} \quad z_1 = -9.09 \text{ (mm)}$$

$$G_2(0; 15.91) \Rightarrow y_2 = 0 \text{ (mm)} \quad z_2 = 15.91 \text{ (mm)}$$

$I_y$  atalet momenti :

$$I_y = \sum \left( \frac{b \cdot h^3}{12} + A \cdot z^2 \right)$$

$$I_y^1 = \frac{b_1 \cdot h_1^3}{12} + A_1 \cdot z_1^2 = \frac{70 \cdot 10^3}{12} + 700 \cdot (-9.09)^2 \Rightarrow I_y^1 = 63673 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_y^2 = \frac{b_2 \cdot h_2^3}{12} + A_2 \cdot z_2^2 = \frac{40 \cdot 10^3}{12} + 400 \cdot (15.91)^2 \Rightarrow I_y^2 = 154584.56 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_y = I_y^1 + I_y^2$$

$$I_y = 63673 + 154584.56 \Rightarrow I_y = 218258 \text{ mm}^4$$

$I_z$  atalet momenti :

$$I_z = \sum \left( \frac{h \cdot b^3}{12} + A \cdot y^2 \right)$$

$$I_z^1 = \frac{h_1 \cdot b_1^3}{12} + A_1 \cdot y_1^2 = \frac{10 \cdot 70^3}{12} + 700 \cdot (0)^2 \Rightarrow I_z^1 = 285833.34 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_z^2 = \frac{h_2 \cdot b_2^3}{12} + A_2 \cdot y_2^2 = \frac{40 \cdot 10^3}{12} + 400 \cdot (0)^2 \Rightarrow I_z^2 = 3333.33 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_z = I_z^1 + I_z^2$$

$$I_z = 285833.34 + 3333.33 \Rightarrow I_z = 289167 \text{ mm}^4$$

Çarpım atalet momentleri ( $I_{yz}$ ) :

$$I_{yz} = \sum (A \cdot y \cdot z)$$

$$I_{yz}^1 = A_1 \cdot y_1 \cdot z_1 = 700 \cdot 0 \cdot 9.09 \Rightarrow I_{yz}^1 = 0 \text{ mm}^4$$

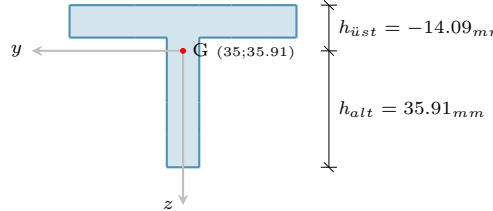
$$I_{yz}^2 = A_2 \cdot y_2 \cdot z_2 = 400 \cdot 0 \cdot (-15.91) \Rightarrow I_{yz}^2 = 0 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_{yz} = I_{yz}^1 + I_{yz}^2$$

$$I_{yz} = 0 + 0 \Rightarrow I_{yz} = 0 \text{ mm}^4$$

Çarpım atalet momenti  $I_{yz} = 0$  olduğundan  $yz$  eksen takımı, aynı zamanda asal eksen takımıdır. Ayrıca kesite etkiyen eğilme momenti,  $y$  eksenine paralel olduğundan,  $y$  eksenini  $t$  arafsız eksenidir ve bu problem bir **düz eğilme problemi** olarak çözülebilir.

Mukavemet momentleri ( $W_{alt,üst}$ ) :



$$W_{alt} = \frac{I_y}{h_{alt}} = \frac{218258}{35.91} \Rightarrow W_{alt} = 6077.92 \text{ mm}^3$$

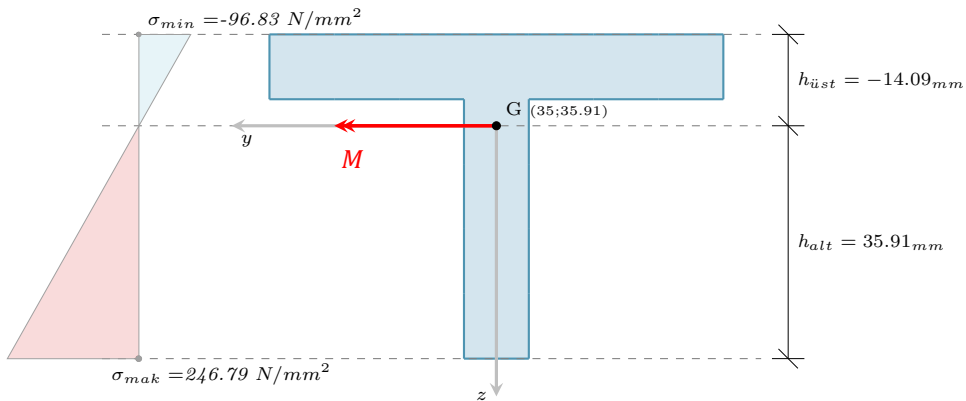
$$W_{üst} = \frac{I_y}{h_{üst}} = \frac{218258}{-14.09} \Rightarrow W_{üst} = -15490.28 \text{ mm}^3$$

Gerilme değerleri ( $\sigma_{alt,üst}$ ) :

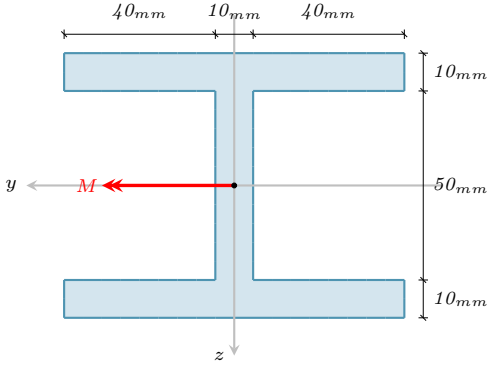
$$\sigma_{alt} = \frac{M_y}{W_{alt}} = \frac{1500000}{6077.92} \Rightarrow \sigma_{alt} = 246.79 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$\sigma_{üst} = \frac{M_y}{W_{üst}} = \frac{1500000}{-15490.28} \Rightarrow \sigma_{üst} = -96.83 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Gerilme dağılımı :

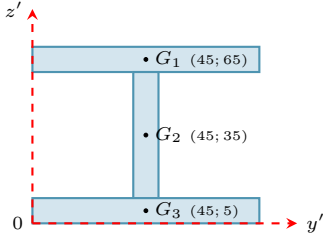


## 8.2 Örnek



Şekildeki kesite 2.5 kNm şiddetinde bir moment etkimektedir. Kesitte oluşan en büyük ve en küçük normal gerilmeleri hesaplayınız.

Kesit ağırlık merkezi :



Ağırlık merkezinin  $z'$  eksenine uzaklığı ( $G_{y'}$ ) :

$$G_{y'} = \frac{A_1 \cdot y'_1 + A_2 \cdot y'_2 + A_3 \cdot y'_3}{A_1 + A_2 + A_3}$$

$$G_{y'} = \frac{900 \cdot 45 + 500 \cdot 45 + 900 \cdot 45}{900 + 500 + 900}$$

$$G_{y'} = \frac{103500}{2300}$$

$$G_{y'} = 45 \text{ mm}$$

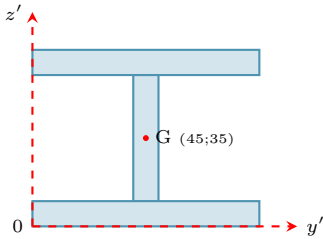
Ağırlık merkezinin  $y'$  eksenine uzaklığı ( $G_{z'}$ ) :

$$G_{z'} = \frac{A_1 \cdot z'_1 + A_2 \cdot z'_2 + A_3 \cdot z'_3}{A_1 + A_2 + A_3}$$

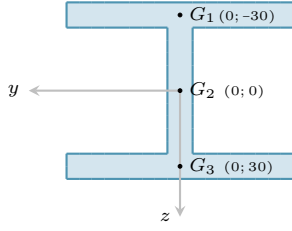
$$G_{z'} = \frac{900 \cdot 65 + 500 \cdot 35 + 900 \cdot 5}{900 + 500 + 900}$$

$$G_{z'} = \frac{80500}{2300}$$

$$G_{z'} = 35 \text{ mm}$$



a.  $I_y$ ,  $I_z$  ve  $I_{yz}$  atalet momentleri :



Ağırlık merkezlerinin eksenlere olan uzaklıkları :

$$G_1 (0; -30) \Rightarrow y_1 = 0 \text{ (mm)} \quad z_1 = -30 \text{ (mm)}$$

$$G_2 (0; 0) \Rightarrow y_2 = 0 \text{ (mm)} \quad z_2 = 0 \text{ (mm)}$$

$$G_3 (0; 30) \Rightarrow y_3 = 0 \text{ (mm)} \quad z_3 = 30 \text{ (mm)}$$

$I_y$  atalet momentini :

$$I_y = \sum \left( \frac{b \cdot h^3}{12} + A \cdot z^2 \right)$$

$$I_y^1 = \frac{b_1 \cdot h_1^3}{12} + A_1 \cdot z_1^2 = \frac{90 \cdot 10^3}{12} + 900 \cdot (-30)^2 \Rightarrow I_y^1 = 817500 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_y^2 = \frac{b_2 \cdot h_2^3}{12} + A_2 \cdot z_2^2 = \frac{10 \cdot 50^3}{12} + 500 \cdot (0)^2 \Rightarrow I_y^2 = 104166.67 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_y^3 = \frac{b_3 \cdot h_3^3}{12} + A_3 \cdot z_3^2 = \frac{90 \cdot 10^3}{12} + 900 \cdot (30)^2 \Rightarrow I_y^3 = 817500 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_y = I_y^1 + I_y^2 + I_y^3$$

$$I_y = 817500 + 104166.67 + 817500 \Rightarrow I_y = 1739167 \text{ mm}^4$$

$I_z$  atalet momentini :

$$I_z = \sum \left( \frac{h \cdot b^3}{12} + A \cdot y^2 \right)$$

$$I_z^1 = \frac{h_1 \cdot b_1^3}{12} + A_1 \cdot y_1^2 = \frac{10 \cdot 90^3}{12} + 900 \cdot (0)^2 \Rightarrow I_z^1 = 607500 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_z^2 = \frac{h_2 \cdot b_2^3}{12} + A_2 \cdot y_2^2 = \frac{50 \cdot 10^3}{12} + 500 \cdot (0)^2 \Rightarrow I_z^2 = 4166.67 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_z^3 = \frac{h_3 \cdot b_3^3}{12} + A_3 \cdot y_3^2 = \frac{10 \cdot 90^3}{12} + 900 \cdot (0)^2 \Rightarrow I_z^3 = 607500 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_z = I_z^1 + I_z^2 + I_z^3$$

$$I_z = 607500 + 4166.67 + 607500 \Rightarrow I_z = 1219167 \text{ mm}^4$$

Çarpım atalet momenti ( $I_{yz}$ ) :

$$I_{yz} = \sum (A \cdot y \cdot z)$$

$$I_{yz}^1 = A_1 \cdot y_1 \cdot z_1 = 900 \cdot 0 \cdot 30 \Rightarrow I_{yz}^1 = 0 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_{yz}^2 = A_2 \cdot y_2 \cdot z_2 = 500 \cdot 0 \cdot 0 \Rightarrow I_{yz}^2 = 0 \text{ mm}^4$$

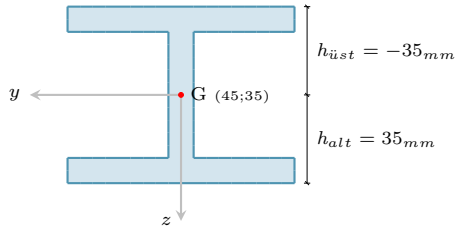
$$I_{yz}^3 = A_3 \cdot y_3 \cdot z_3 = 900 \cdot 0 \cdot (-30) \Rightarrow I_{yz}^3 = 0 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_{yz} = I_{yz}^1 + I_{yz}^2 + I_{yz}^3$$

$$I_{yz} = 0 + 0 + 0 \Rightarrow I_{yz} = 0 \text{ mm}^4$$

Çarpım atalet momenti  $I_{yz} = 0$  olduğundan  $yz$  eksen takımı, aynı zamanda asal eksen takımıdır. Ayrıca kesite etkiyen eğilme momenti,  $y$  eksenine paralel olduğundan,  $y$  eksenini  $t$  arafsız eksendir ve bu problem bir **düz eğilme problemi** olarak çözülebilir.

Mukavemet momentleri ( $W_{alt,üst}$ ) :



$$W_{alt} = \frac{I_y}{h_{alt}} = \frac{1739167}{35} \Rightarrow W_{alt} = 49690.48 \text{ mm}^3$$

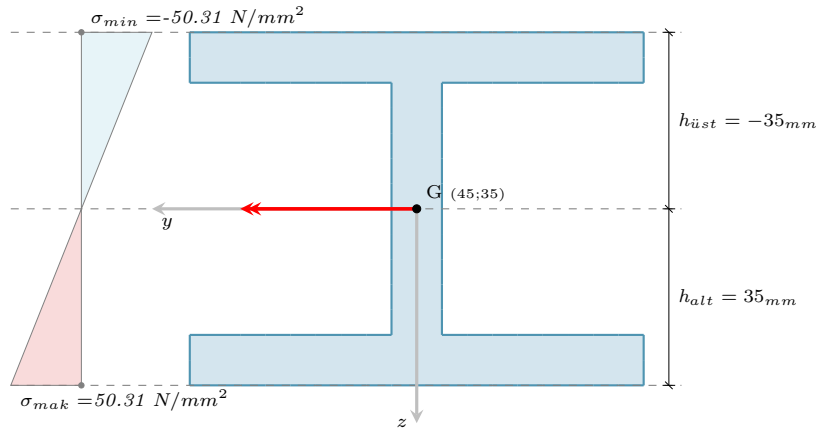
$$W_{üst} = \frac{I_y}{h_{üst}} = \frac{1739167}{-35} \Rightarrow W_{üst} = -49690.48 \text{ mm}^3$$

Gerilme değerleri ( $\sigma_{alt,üst}$ ) :

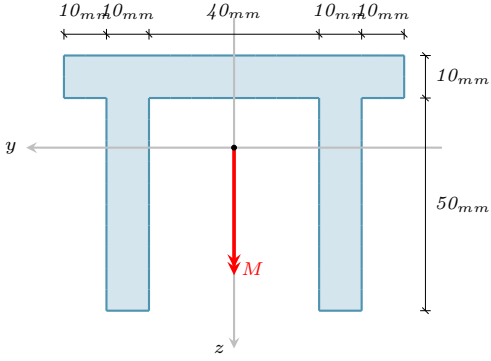
$$\sigma_{alt} = \frac{M_y}{W_{alt}} = \frac{2500000}{49690.48} \Rightarrow \sigma_{alt} = 50.31 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$\sigma_{üst} = \frac{M_y}{W_{üst}} = \frac{2500000}{-49690.48} \Rightarrow \sigma_{üst} = -50.31 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Gerilme dağılımı :

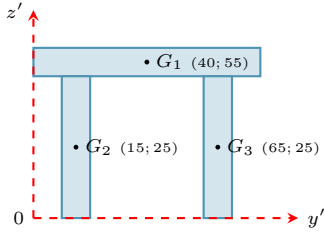


### 8.3 Örnek



Şekildeki kesite 2.5 kNm şiddetinde bir moment etmektedir. Kesitte oluşan en büyük ve en küçük normal gerilmeleri hesaplayınız.

Kesit ağırlık merkezi :



Ağırlık merkezinin  $z'$  eksenine uzaklığı ( $G_{y'}$ ) :

$$G_{y'} = \frac{A_1 \cdot y'_1 + A_2 \cdot y'_2 + A_3 \cdot y'_3}{A_1 + A_2 + A_3}$$

$$G_{y'} = \frac{800 \cdot 40 + 500 \cdot 15 + 500 \cdot 65}{800 + 500 + 500}$$

$$G_{y'} = \frac{72000}{1800}$$

$$G_{y'} = 40 \text{ mm}$$

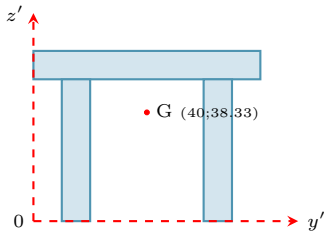
Ağırlık merkezinin  $y'$  eksenine uzaklığı ( $G_{z'}$ ) :

$$G_{z'} = \frac{A_1 \cdot z'_1 + A_2 \cdot z'_2 + A_3 \cdot z'_3}{A_1 + A_2 + A_3}$$

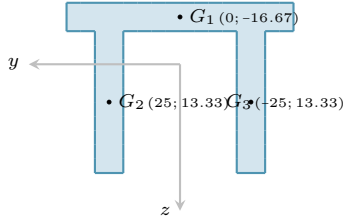
$$G_{z'} = \frac{800 \cdot 55 + 500 \cdot 25 + 500 \cdot 25}{800 + 500 + 500}$$

$$G_{z'} = \frac{69000}{1800}$$

$$G_{z'} = 38.33 \text{ mm}$$



a.  $I_y$ ,  $I_z$  ve  $I_{yz}$  atalet momentleri :



Ağırlık merkezlerinin eksenlere olan uzaklıkları :

$$G_1 (0; -16.67) \Rightarrow y_1 = 0 \text{ (mm)} \quad z_1 = -16.67 \text{ (mm)}$$

$$G_2 (25; 13.33) \Rightarrow y_2 = 25 \text{ (mm)} \quad z_2 = 13.33 \text{ (mm)}$$

$$G_3 (-25; 13.33) \Rightarrow y_3 = -25 \text{ (mm)} \quad z_3 = 13.33 \text{ (mm)}$$

$I_y$  atalet momenti :

$$I_y = \sum \left( \frac{b \cdot h^3}{12} + A \cdot z^2 \right)$$

$$I_y^1 = \frac{b_1 \cdot h_1^3}{12} + A_1 \cdot z_1^2 = \frac{80 \cdot 10^3}{12} + 800 \cdot (-16.67)^2 \Rightarrow I_y^1 = 228977.8 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_y^2 = \frac{b_2 \cdot h_2^3}{12} + A_2 \cdot z_2^2 = \frac{10 \cdot 50^3}{12} + 500 \cdot (13.33)^2 \Rightarrow I_y^2 = 193011.12 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_y^3 = \frac{b_3 \cdot h_3^3}{12} + A_3 \cdot z_3^2 = \frac{10 \cdot 50^3}{12} + 500 \cdot (13.33)^2 \Rightarrow I_y^3 = 193011.12 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_y = I_y^1 + I_y^2 + I_y^3$$

$$I_y = 228977.8 + 193011.12 + 193011.12 \Rightarrow I_y = 615000 \text{ mm}^4$$

$I_z$  atalet momenti :

$$I_z = \sum \left( \frac{h \cdot b^3}{12} + A \cdot y^2 \right)$$

$$I_z^1 = \frac{h_1 \cdot b_1^3}{12} + A_1 \cdot y_1^2 = \frac{10 \cdot 80^3}{12} + 800 \cdot (0)^2 \Rightarrow I_z^1 = 426666.66 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_z^2 = \frac{h_2 \cdot b_2^3}{12} + A_2 \cdot y_2^2 = \frac{50 \cdot 10^3}{12} + 500 \cdot (-25)^2 \Rightarrow I_z^2 = 316666.66 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_z^3 = \frac{h_3 \cdot b_3^3}{12} + A_3 \cdot y_3^2 = \frac{50 \cdot 10^3}{12} + 500 \cdot (25)^2 \Rightarrow I_z^3 = 316666.66 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_z = I_z^1 + I_z^2 + I_z^3$$

$$I_z = 426666.66 + 316666.66 + 316666.66 \Rightarrow I_z = 1060000 \text{ mm}^4$$



Çarpım atalet momenti ( $I_{yz}$ ) :

$$I_{yz} = \sum (A \cdot y \cdot z)$$

$$I_{yz}^1 = A_1 \cdot y_1 \cdot z_1 = 800 \cdot 0 \cdot 16.67 \quad \Rightarrow \quad I_{yz}^1 = 0 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_{yz}^2 = A_2 \cdot y_2 \cdot z_2 = 500 \cdot (-25) \cdot (-13.33) \quad \Rightarrow \quad I_{yz}^2 = 166250 \text{ mm}^4$$

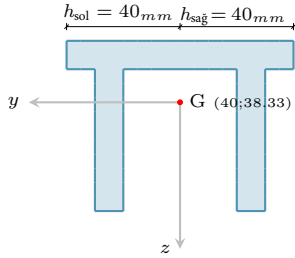
$$I_{yz}^3 = A_3 \cdot y_3 \cdot z_3 = 500 \cdot 25 \cdot (-13.33) \quad \Rightarrow \quad I_{yz}^3 = -166250 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_{yz} = I_{yz}^1 + I_{yz}^2 + I_{yz}^3$$

$$I_{yz} = 0 + 166250 - 166250 \quad \Rightarrow \quad I_{yz} = 0 \text{ mm}^4$$

Çarpım atalet momenti  $I_{yz} = 0$  olduğundan  $yz$  eksen takımı, aynı zamanda asal eksen takımıdır. Ayrıca kesite etkiyen eğilme momenti,  $z$  eksenine paralel olduğundan,  $z$  eksenini taafsız eksendir ve bu problem bir **düz eğilme problemi** olarak çözülebilir.

Mukavemet momentleri ( $W_{sol,sağ}$ ):



$$W_{sol} = \frac{I_z}{h_{sol}} = \frac{1060000}{40} \quad \Rightarrow \quad W_{sol} = 26500 \text{ mm}^3$$

$$W_{sağ} = \frac{I_z}{h_{sağ}} = \frac{1060000}{-40} \quad \Rightarrow \quad W_{sağ} = -26500 \text{ mm}^3$$

Gerilme değerleri ( $\sigma_{sol,sağ}$ ):

$$\sigma_{sol} = -\frac{M_z}{W_{sol}} = -\frac{2500000}{26500} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \sigma_{sol} = -94.34 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$\sigma_{sağ} = -\frac{M_z}{W_{sağ}} = -\frac{2500000}{-26500} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \sigma_{sağ} = 94.34 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Gerilme dağılımı :

